JELUTONG

Family: APOCYNACEAE (angiosperm)

Scientific name(s): Dyera costulata

Dyera polyphylla

Dyera lowii (synonymous)

Commercial restriction: no commercial restriction

WOOD DESCRIPTION

Color: light yellow

Sapwood: not demarcated

Texture: fine

Grain: straight

Interlocked grain: absent

Note: Brittleheart

Wood cream white to light yellow. Frequent presence of large latex canals.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

MECHANICAL AND ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES

Diameter: from 80 to 120 cm

Log durability: low (must be treated)

Floats: yes

Physical and mechanical properties are based on mature heartwood specimens. These properties can vary greatly depending on origin and growth conditions.

LOG DESCRIPTION

Thickness of sapwood:

	Mean	Std dev.		Mean	Std dev.		
Specific gravity *:	0.45		Crushing strength *:	27 MPa			
Monnin hardness *:	1.6		Static bending strength *:	45 MPa			
Coeff. of volumetric shrinkage:	0.35 %		Modulus of elasticity *:	10040 MPa			
Total tangential shrinkage (TS):	5.5 %						
Total radial shrinkage (RS):	2.3 %		(*: at 12% moisture content, with 1 MPa = 1 N/mm ²)				
TS/RS ratio:	2.4						
Fiber saturation point:							
Stability: sta	able						

NATURAL DURABILITY AND TREATABILITY

Fungi and termite resistance refers to end-uses under temperate climate. Except for special comments on sapwood, natural durability is based on mature heartwood. Sapwood must always be considered as non-durable against wood degrading agents. E.N. = Euro Norm

Funghi (according to E.N. standards)	class 5 - not durable
Dry wood borers:	class S - susceptible (risk in all the wood)
Termites (according to E.N. standards):	class S - susceptible
Treatability (according to E.N. standards)	class 1 - easily permeable
Use class ensured by natural durability:	class 1 - inside (no dampness)
Species covering the use class 5	no

REQUIREMENT OF A PRESERVATIVE TREATMENT

Against dry wood borer attacks: requires appropriate preservative treatment In case of risk of temporary humidification: requires appropriate preservative treatment In case of risk of permanent humidification: use not recommended

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DRYING

Drying rate:	rapid	Possible drying schedule: 2				
Risk of distortion:	no risk or very slight risk	Temperature (°C)				
Risk of casehardening:	no	M.C. (%)	dry-bulb	wet-bulb	Air humidity (%)	
Risk of checking:	slight risk	Green	50	47	84	
Risk of collapse:	no	40	50	45	75	
Note:	Risks of surface checks due to latex canals. Risks of blue stain. Pocket moisture in thick material.	30	55	47	67	
		20	70	55	47	
		15	75	58	44	

This schedule is given for information only and is applicable to thickness lower or equal to 38 mm. It must be used in compliance with the code of practice.

For thickness from 38 to 75 mm, the air relative humidity should be increased by 5 % at each step.

For thickness over 75 mm, a 10 % increase should be considered.

SAWING AND MACHINING

Blunting effect: normal Sawteeth recommended: ordinary or alloy steel

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Cutting tools: ordinary

Peeling: good

Slicing: good

Note: The latex may clog sawteeth. Keep sharp cutting edges in order to obtain a smooth surface.

ASSEMBLING

Nailing / screwing: poor

Gluing: correct

COMMERCIAL GRADING

Appearance grading for sawn timbers: According to MGR grading rules (2009) Possible grading: Prime, Select, Standard, Serviceable, Utility

FIRE SAFETY

Conventional French grading: Thickness > 14 mm : M3 (moderately inflammable) Thickness < 14 mm : M4 (easily inflammable)

Euroclasses grading: D s2 d0

Default grading for solid wood, according to requirements of European standard EN 14081-1 annex C (April 2009). It concerns structural graded timber in vertical uses with mean density upper 0.35 and thickness upper 22 mm.

END-USES

Veneer for interior of plywoodVeneer for back or face of plywoodBoxes and cratesMouldingInterior joineryInterior panellingBlockboardPencilsMatchesCurrent furniture or furniture componentsSliced veneerSculptureNote: Can be used as substitute for OBECHE (Triplochiton scleroxylon) and POPLAR (Populus spp.).

JELUTONG

MAIN LOCAL NAMES

Country Indonesia Indonesia Peninsular Malaysia Peninsular Malaysia Peninsular Malaysia

Local name DJELUTONG MELABUWAI JELUTONG JELUTONG PAYA PANTOENG

Country

Indonesia Peninsular Malaysia Peninsular Malaysia Peninsular Malaysia Malaysia (islands)

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Local name JELUTONG ANDJAROETOENG JELUTONG BUKIT LETOENG JELUTONG





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